



Restructuring Principles
Some key lessons learned from experience in SEE

March 2016

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C H A N C E

Practical example:

- Poslovni sistem Mercator, d.d. (“**Mercator**”) - the largest Slovenian retailer and the second largest consumer staples company in Southeastern Europe with ca. €3bn of revenue
- A significant post-Lehman contraction of GDP and intense competition from discounters across its operational territories led to declining consumer sales
- In response the Company’s current management undertook:
 - a comprehensive operational restructuring effort to reduce costs, focus on core programmes and regain market share
 - a restructuring of its c.€1.1bn financial liabilities to address its capital structure
- The macro-economic environment, pressure in the banking sector, coupled with tight liquidity, the parallel takeover of the Company by Croatian competitor Agrokor resulted in a sensitive financial and political situation and, by far, the region’s most complex financial restructuring case
- **Clifford Chance** was hired in Summer 2013 and, together with Mercator’s other advisors (**PwC/Lazard**) and local counsel (**Jadek & Pensa**) ran an expedited restructuring process across all jurisdictions to close the restructuring successfully in June 2014 and without derailing (or being derailed by) the parallel public M&A process

Some key issues:

- Diverse lender group with predominantly bilateral facilities
- High leverage/debt maturities
- Macro-economic operating environment
- Tight liquidity
- Limited legal tools
- Listed business/parallel M&A process
- High political and media interest
- Ripple effects

What role could/did the INSOL principles play in facilitating the successful restructuring?

Could have, should have, would have?:

Standstill	Composition of lender universe; evolution of standstill arrangements throughout the process
No lone enforcement	How exposed was the process to such persons? Correlation to degree of standstill?
No favouritism	Equality of treatment; the shareholder/lender dynamic; the “bilateral lending” mindset
Co-ordination	Buy-in to a CoCom; make-up of CoCom; an easy path?
Access to information	Barriers to information sharing and overcoming these
Respect the starting position	Perception that all creditors are equal but that some creditors are more equal than others?
Equality of information and confidentiality	Navigating deal/dynamic specifics – listed business, ongoing M&A process
Priority for new money	Ensuring (i) market terms could be offered (ii) availability to all and (iii) liquidity needs could be met

...and next time?